

# THE CYCLOTOMIC IDENTITY AND THE CYCLIC GROUP

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Metropolis and Rota [1] discuss the cyclotomic identity

$$\frac{1}{1 - \alpha t} = \prod_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \left( \frac{1}{1 - t^n} \right)^{M(\alpha, n)}.$$

Thereby they define the necklace-algebra  $\text{Nr}(A)$  for a commutative ring  $A$  with unit element 1. We show that  $\text{Nr}(A)$  is the Burnside-ring  $\hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z})$  of almost finite  $\mathbb{Z}$ -sets, where an almost finite  $\mathbb{Z}$ -set is a set with an operation of the infinite cyclic group  $\mathbb{Z}$ , such that every element lies in a finite orbit and every orbit type  $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$  occurs only with finite multiplicity. For every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  we have a homomorphism

$$\varphi_n : \hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z},$$

which assigns to a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -set the number of elements invariant under the subgroup  $n\mathbb{Z}$ . The family  $\varphi_n$  with  $n > 0$  defines an injective homomorphism

$$\varphi : \hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}^J$$

of  $\hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z})$  into the product ring  $\mathbb{Z}^J$ , where  $J$  denotes the set of positive integers.

By defining symmetric powers of almost finite  $\mathbb{Z}$ -sets, we get a homomorphism

$$s_t : \hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow 1 + t\Omega(\mathbb{Z})[[t]]$$

of the additive group  $\hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z})$  into the multiplicative group of formal power-series with constant term 1 and coefficients in the ring  $\hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z})$ . Combining this homomorphism with  $\varphi_1$ , we get the isomorphism

$$\varphi_1 \circ s_t : \hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow 1 + t\mathbb{Z}[[t]].$$

Finally we show that  $\hat{\Omega}(\mathbb{Z})$  is isomorphic to the (generalized) ring of Witt-vectors  $W(\mathbb{Z})$ .

The Burnside-ring construction applies to every profinite group providing thereby a generalized cyclotomic(?) identity. The construction allows also to define for an arbitrary profinite group and given commutative ring  $A$  a generalized ring of Witt-vectors over  $A$ .

## REFERENCES

1. N. Metropolis and C.-C. Rota, *Witt vectors and the Algebra of Necklaces*, Adv. in Math. **50** (1983), 95–125.