# Journal of Inequalities in Pure and Applied Mathematics

## A NOTE ON MULTIVALUED QUASI VARIATIONAL INEQUALITIES IN BANACH SPACES

#### CHAOFENG SHI AND SANYANG LIU

Department Of Applied Mathematics, Xidian University, Xi'An, 710071, P.R. China *EMail*: Shichf@163.com J I M P A

volume 5, issue 3, article 60, 2004.

Received 04 April, 2003; accepted 14 May, 2004.

Communicated by: S.S. Dragomir



©2000 Victoria University ISSN (electronic): 1443-5756 045-03

### Abstract

Some iterative algorithms for quasi variational inequalities with noncompact sets in Banach spaces are suggested in Noor, Moudafi, and Xu [1] (*J. Inequal. Pure and Appl. Math.*, 3(3) (2002), Art. 36). However, the convergence analysis for the algorithms in Noor, Moudafi, and Xu [1] is wrong. In this note, we correct the error in Noor, Moudafi, and Xu [1]. Our results improve and generalize many known corresponding algorithms and results.

#### 2000 Mathematics Subject Classification: 11N05, 11N37.

Key words: Generalized set-valued quasi variational inclusion; Iterative algorithm with error; Banach space.

This research is supported by Shaanxi Province's Natural Science Research Project (no. 2003A09) and Chinese Education Ministry Span Century Excellent Talent Foundation.

## Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Algorithm	4
3	Convergence Analysis	6
Refe	rences	



A Note on Multivalued Quasi Variational Inequalities in Banach Spaces

#### Chaofeng Shi and Sanyang Liu



## 1. Introduction

Multivalued quasi variational inequalities provide us with a unified, natural, innovative and general approach to study a wide class of problems arising in different branches of mathematics, physics and engineering science. Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1] suggest and analyze iterative methods for solving multi-valued quasi variational inequalities in Banach spaces. However, the convergence analysis for the algorithms in Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1] is wrong. In this note, we correct the error in Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1]. Since multivalued quasi variational inequalities include quasi variational inequalities, complementarity problems and nonconvex programming problems as special cases, the results obtained in this paper continue to hold for these problems. Our results represent an improvement of previous results. In this note, the notions and concepts are just as ones in Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1], unless otherwise specified.



A Note on Multivalued Quas Variational Inequalities in Banach Spaces

#### Chaofeng Shi and Sanyang Liu



J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

## 2. Algorithm

For given point-to-set mapping  $K : u \longrightarrow K(u)$ , which associates a closed convex set of X with any element of X, and  $N(\cdot, \cdot) : X \times X \longrightarrow X$ , we consider the problem of finding  $u \in X, w \in Tu, y \in Vu$  such that

(2.1) 
$$\langle N(w,y), J(g(v) - g(u)) \rangle \ge 0,$$

where  $J: X \longrightarrow X^*$  is the normalized duality mapping.

Problem (2.1) is called multivalued quasi variational inequality in Banach spaces, which is introduced in Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1].

In order to suggest the algorithm for (2.1), we need the following lemma.

**Lemma 2.1.** [1]. The multivalued quasi variational inequality (2.1) has a solution  $u \in X$ ,  $w \in Tu$ ,  $y \in Vu$  if and only if  $u \in X$ ,  $w \in Tu$ ,  $y \in Vu$  satisfies the relation

(2.2) 
$$g(u) = P_{K(u)}[g(u) - \rho N(w, y)],$$

where  $\rho > 0$  is a constant.

Noor, Moudafi and Xu [1] use this alternative equivalent formation to suggest the following iterative algorithm for solving (2.1).

**Algorithm 2.2.** [1]. For given  $u_0 \in X$ ,  $w_0 \in Tu_0$ ,  $y_0 \in Vu_0$  and  $0 < \varepsilon < 1$ , compute the sequences  $\{u_n\}, \{w_n\}, \{y_n\}$  by the iterative schemes:

(2.3) 
$$g(u_n) = P_{K(u_n)}[g(u_n) - N(w_n, y_n)],$$



J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

(2.4) 
$$w_n \in T(u_n) : ||w_{n+1} - w_n|| \le M(T(u_{n+1}), T(u_n)) + \varepsilon^{n+1} ||u_{n+1} - u_n||_{2}$$

(2.5) 
$$y_n \in V(u_n) : ||y_{n+1} - y_n)||$$
  
 $\leq M(V(u_{n+1}), V(u_n)) + \varepsilon^{n+1} ||u_{n+1} - u_n||$ 

where  $M(\cdot, \cdot)$  is the Hausedorff metric defined on CB(X).



A Note on Multivalued Quasi Variational Inequalities in Banach Spaces

Chaofeng Shi and Sanyang Liu



## 3. Convergence Analysis

In this section, we study the convergence analysis of Algorithm 2.2. For this purpose, we need the following condition and lemma.

**Assumption 3.1.** For all  $u, v \in E$ , the operator  $P_{K(u)}$  satisfy the conditions

$$||P_{K(u)}w - P_{K(v)}w|| \le \nu ||u - v||,$$

where  $\nu$  are constants.

**Lemma 3.2.** [1]. Let E be an arbitrary real Banach space and  $J : E \to 2^{E^*}$  a normalized duality mapping, then for any  $x, y \in E$ ,

$$||x+y||^2 \le ||x||^2 + 2\langle y, j(x+y) \rangle$$

for all  $j(x+y) \in J(x+y)$ .

**Theorem 3.3.** Let X be a real uniformly smooth Banach space. Let the operator  $N(\cdot, \cdot)$  be  $\beta$ -Lipschitz and  $\gamma$ -Lipschitz continuous with respect to the first argument and the second argument, respectively. Let the operator g be Lipschitz continuous with a constant  $\delta > 0$  and strongly accretive with a constant k > 1/2. Assume that  $g - \rho N$  is contractive with a constant c > 0 and the operators  $T, V : X \rightarrow CB(X)$  are M-Lipschitz continuous with constants  $\mu > 0$  and  $\eta > 0$ . If Assumption 3.1 holds and

$$\frac{c+\nu}{\sqrt{2k-1}} < 1,$$

then there exists  $u \in X, w \in T(u), y \in V(u)$  satisfy (2.1) and the iterative sequences  $\{u_n\}, \{w_n\}$  and  $\{y_n\}$  generated by Algorithm 2.2 converge to u, w and y strongly in X, respectively.



J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

*Proof.* From Lemma 3.2 and Algorithm 2.2, it follows that there exists  $j(u_{n+1} - u_n) \in J(u_{n+1} - u_n)$  such that

$$\begin{aligned} \|u_{n+1} - u_n\|^2 &= \|g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n) + u_{n+1} - u_n - (g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n))\|^2 \\ &\leq \|g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)\|^2 \\ &+ 2 \langle u_{n+1} - u_n - (g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)), j(u_{n+1} - u_n) \rangle \\ &\leq \|g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)\|^2 + 2\|u_{n+1} - u_n\|^2 - 2k\|u_{n+1} - u_n\|^2, \end{aligned}$$

which implies that

$$||u_{n+1} - u_n||^2 \le \frac{1}{2k-1} ||g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)||^2,$$

that is

(3.2) 
$$||u_{n+1} - u_n|| \le \frac{1}{\sqrt{2k-1}} ||g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)||.$$

Now using Assumption 3.1, we have

$$(3.3) ||g(u_{n+1}) - g(u_n)|| = ||P_{K(u_n)}[g(u_n) - \rho N(w_n, y_n)] - P_{K(u_{n-1})}[g(u_{n-1}) - \rho N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})]|| \leq ||P_{K(u_n)}[g(u_n) - \rho N(w_n, y_n)] - P_{K(u_n)}[g(u_{n-1}) - \rho N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})]|| + ||P_{K(u_n)}[g(u_{n-1}) - \rho N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})]|| - P_{K(u_{n-1})}[g(u_{n-1}) - \rho N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})]|| \leq ||g(u_n) - \rho N(w_n, y_n) - [g(u_{n-1}) - \rho N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})]|| + \nu ||u_n - u_{n-1}|| \leq (c + \nu) ||u_n - u_{n-1}||.$$



A Note on Multivalued Quasi Variational Inequalities in Banach Spaces

Chaofeng Shi and Sanyang Liu



J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

From (3.2) and (3.3), we have

$$||u_{n+1} - u_n|| \le \frac{c + \nu}{\sqrt{2k - 1}} ||u_n - u_{n-1}||$$
  
=  $\theta ||u_n - u_{n-1}||,$ 

where

$$\theta = \frac{c + \nu}{\sqrt{2k - 1}}.$$

From (3.1), we have  $\theta < 1$ . Consequently, the sequence  $\{u_n\}$  is a Cauchy sequence in X. Since X is a Banach space, there exists  $u \in X$ , such that  $u_n \to u$  as  $n \to \infty$ .

Using the Lipschitz continuity of  $N(\cdot, \cdot)$  with respect to the first argument and M-Lipschitz continuity of T, we have

(3.4) 
$$\|N(w_{n}, y_{n}) - N(w_{n-1}, y_{n})\| \leq \beta \|w_{n} - w_{n-1}\| \leq \beta (M(T(u_{n}), T(u_{n-1})) + \varepsilon^{n} \|u_{n} - u_{n-1}\|) \leq \beta (\mu + \varepsilon^{n}) \|u_{n} - u_{n-1}\|.$$

In a similar way,

(3.5) 
$$\|N(w_{n-1}, y_n) - N(w_{n-1}, y_{n-1})\| \\ \leq \gamma \|y_n - y_{n-1}\| \\ \leq \gamma (M(V(u_n), V(u_{n-1})) + \varepsilon^n \|u_n - u_{n-1}\|) \\ \leq \gamma (\eta + \varepsilon^n) \|u_n - u_{n-1}\|.$$



Close Quit

Page 8 of 11

From (3.4) and (3.5), we see that  $\{w_n\}, \{y_n\}$  are Cauchy sequences in X, that is, there exist  $w, y \in E$  such that  $w_n \to w, y_n \to y$ . Now by using the continuity of the operators  $N, T, V, g, P_{K(u)}$  and Algorithm 2.2, we have

$$g(u) = P_{K(u)}[g(u) - \rho N(w, y)].$$

Finally, we prove that  $w \in T(u)$  and  $y \in V(u)$ . In fact, since  $w \in T(u_n)$ , we have

$$d(w, T(u)) \leq ||w - w_n|| + d(w_n, T(u))$$
  

$$\leq ||w - w_n|| + M(T(u_n), T(u))$$
  

$$\leq ||w - w_n|| + \mu ||u_n - u|| \to 0, \text{ as } n \to \infty,$$

which implies that d(w, T(u)) = 0, and since T(u) is a closed bounded subset of X, it follows that  $w \in T(u)$ . In a similar way, we can also prove that  $y \in V(u)$ .

By Lemma 2.1, it follows that (u, w, y) is a solution of the multivalued quasi variational inequalities problem (2.1), and  $u_n \to u, w_n \to w, y_n \to y$  strongly in X, the required result.

**Remark 3.1.** Theorem 3.2 in Noor [1] is wrong. In fact, we have that there exist  $j(u - v) \in J(u - v)$ ,

$$k||u-v||^2 \le \langle g(u) - g(v), j(u-v) \rangle \le \delta ||u-v||^2$$

which implies  $\delta \ge k$ , thus  $0 < \frac{\sqrt{2k-1}-(\delta+\nu)}{\beta\mu+\gamma\eta} < 0$ . It is a contradiction! Theorem 3.3 corrects the error in the Theorem 3.2 in Noor [1], and improves many recent results.



J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

**Remark 3.2.** Let  $g(x) = \frac{2}{3}x$ ,  $N \equiv g$ ,  $\nu = 0$ , then if  $1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} < \rho < 1$ , one can take  $c = \frac{2(1-\rho)}{3}$  such that

$$\frac{c+\nu}{\sqrt{2k-1}} = \frac{2(1-\rho)}{3} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1/3}} < 1,$$

whereas in such case, according to the Remark 3.1, the conditions in Theorem 3.2 in [1] do not hold.

**Remark 3.3.** By using the technique in this paper, one can easily obtain the convergence result for the multivalued variational inclusions.





J. Ineq. Pure and Appl. Math. 5(3) Art. 60, 2004 http://jipam.vu.edu.au

## References

 M.A. NOOR, A. MOUDAFI AND B.L. XU, Multivalued quasi variational inequalities in Banach spaces, J. Inequal. Pure and Appl. Math., 3(3) (2002), Art. 36. [ONLINE http://jipam.vu.edu.au/article. php?sid=188].



A Note on Multivalued Quasi Variational Inequalities in Banach Spaces

Chaofeng Shi and Sanyang Liu

