PALINDROMES IN DIFFERENT BASES: A CONJECTURE OF J. ERNEST WILKINS

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#### Abstract

We show that there exist exactly 203 positive integers $N$ such that for some integer $d \geq 2$ this number is a $d$-digit palindrome base 10 as well as a $d$-digit palindrome for some base $b$ different from 10 . To be more precise, such $N$ range from 22 to 9986831781362631871386899.


-Dedicated to J. Ernest Wilkins

## 1. Introduction

During the summer of 2004, while meeting at the Conference for African-American Researchers in the Mathematical Sciences (CAARMS), the author had a short conversation with J. Ernest Wilkins. He was interested in palindromes which remain palindromes when expressed in a different base system. For example, 207702 is a 6 -digit palindrome expressed in base 10 (written as $[2,0,7,7,0,2]_{10}$ ) as well as 6 -digit palindrome expressed in base 8 (written as $[6,2,5,5,2,6]_{8}$ ). He posed the following question:

Does there exist a positive integer $N$ which is an 8-digit palindrome base
10 as well as an 8-digit palindrome for some base b different from 10?
He suspected that the answer would be no, but, without being well-versed in the art of computer programming, could not find a definitive proof using pen and paper.

It is natural to generalize this question to any number of digits. The main result of this exposition is as follows:

Theorem 1 There exist exactly 203 positive integers $N$ such that for some integer $d \geq 2$ this number is a d-digit palindrome base 10 as well as a d-digit palindrome for some base $b$ different from 10. To be more precise, such $N$ range from 22 to 9986831781362631871386899, and

$$
d=2,3,4,5,6,7,9,11,13,15,17,19,21,23,25
$$

(We assume that $d \geq 2$ because any positive integer $N<10$ is trivially a 1 -digit palindrome base $b$ for any $b>N$.) A complete list of these palindromes can be found in the appendix.

The author found this result using a few theoretically trivial yet computationally frustrating inequalities, then parallelized the search using several high-powered machines at Purdue University. Almost all of the computations were done using gridMathematica. Wilkins conjectured that the only even $d$ are $d=2,4,6$; this result is positive verification of his conjecture. This article is a bit different from [4]: Those authors consider positive integers $N=10^{n} \pm 1$ which are palindromes base 10 as well as palindromes base 2 - but the number of digits is not fixed among the bases.

## 2. Computational Set-Up

Fix an integer $b \geq 2$. For each positive integer $N$, the expression $\left[a_{d}, \ldots, a_{2}, a_{1}\right]_{b}$ will denote the unique base $b$ expansion

$$
N=a_{d} b^{d-1}+\cdots+a_{2} b+a_{1} \quad \text { where } \quad 0 \leq a_{k}<b
$$

We will call this the base b representation of $N$. Moreover, we will say that $N$ is a $d$-digit number base $b$ if $a_{d}$ is nonzero; and that such a $d$-digit number is a $d$-digit palindrome base $b$ if $a_{d-k+1}=a_{k}$ for $k=1,2, \ldots, d$. For example, $N=207702$ may be expressed as $[2,0,7,7,0,2]_{10}$ for $b=10$, or $[6,2,5,5,2,6]_{8}$ for $b=8$. In particular, $N$ is a 6 -digit palindrome base 10 as well as a 6 -digit palindrome base 8 .

There are only finitely many $d$-digit numbers base 10 which are also $d$-digit numbers for some other base $b$ :

Lemma 2 If $N$ is a positive d-digit number base 10 which is also d-digit number for some base $b \neq 10$ then $d \leq 26$.

Proof. (Wilkins himself suggested this proof.) Upon fixing such an integer $N$, the base $b$ must satisfy

$$
\left\lfloor\frac{\log N}{\log 10}\right\rfloor+1=d=\left\lfloor\frac{\log N}{\log b}\right\rfloor+1
$$

in terms of the greatest integer function $\lfloor\cdot\rfloor$. In fact, given any real number $x$ we have the inequality $x \leq\lfloor x\rfloor+1 \leq x+1$, so it is easy to see that
$-1 \leq \frac{\log N}{\log 10}-\frac{\log N}{\log b} \leq 1 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad 10^{1 /(1+\log 10 / \log N)} \leq b \leq 10^{1 /(1-\log 10 / \log N)}$.
When $N \geq 10^{26}$, i.e., $d>26$, this forces $b=10$.

The following result gives computable ranges for $N$ :

Lemma 3 Say that $N$ is a positive integer $N$ which is both a d-digit palindrome base 10 as well as a d-digit palindrome for some base $b \neq 10$. Then either $d \leq 14$, or else $d, b$, and $N$ are related as in the following table:

| Digits $d$ | Base $b$ | Range for $N$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 9 | $10^{14}<N<9^{15}$ |
|  | 11 | $11^{14}<N<10^{15}$ |
| 16 | 9 | $10^{15}<N<9^{16}$ |
| 17 | 9 | $10^{16}<N<9^{17}$ |
|  | 11 | $11^{16}<N<10^{17}$ |
| 18 | 9 | $10^{17}<N<9^{18}$ |
| 19 | 9 | $10^{18}<N<9^{19}$ |
|  | 11 | $11^{18}<N \leq 10^{19}$ |
| 20 | 9 | $10^{19}<N<9^{20}$ |
| 21 | 9 | $10^{20}<N<9^{21}$ |
|  | 11 | $11^{20}<N \leq 10^{21}$ |
| 23 | 11 | $11^{22}<N<10^{23}$ |
| 25 | 11 | $11^{24}<N<10^{25}$ |

Proof. According to Lemma 2, it suffices to consider those integers $N$ satisfying the double inequality $10^{1}<N<10^{26}$. Recall that

$$
d=\left\lfloor\frac{\log N}{\log b}\right\rfloor+1
$$

When $15 \leq d \leq 21$, this forces $9 \leq b \leq 11$; and when $22 \leq d \leq 26$, this forces $10 \leq$ $b \leq 11$. It suffices then to show that $d \neq 22,24,26$. Following an observation of Wilkins, we see that no $d$-digit palindrome base 10 can also be a $d$-digit palindrome base 11 when $d$ is even: Indeed, write $\left[c_{d}, \ldots, c_{2}, c_{1}\right]_{10}$ and $\left[a_{d}, \ldots, a_{2}, a_{1}\right]_{11}$ as the base 10 and base 11 representations of $N$, respectively, where the leading coefficient satisfies $0<a_{d}<11$. Then we find

$$
\begin{align*}
a_{d} & =a_{1} \equiv a_{d} \cdot 11^{d-1}+a_{d-1} \cdot 11^{d-2}+\cdots+a_{2} \cdot 11+a_{1} \quad(\bmod 11) \\
& =N=c_{d} \cdot 10^{d-1}+c_{d-1} \cdot 10^{d-2}+\cdots+c_{2} \cdot 10+c_{1} \\
& \equiv 0+\cdots+\left(c_{d-1}-c_{2}\right)-\left(c_{d}-c_{1}\right) \quad(\bmod 11)  \tag{1}\\
& \equiv 0 \quad(\bmod 11)
\end{align*}
$$

which is a contradiction.

## 3. Implementation

Here is the actual Mathematica code. Given a pair of $d$-digit integers $\left\{N_{1}, N_{2}\right\}$ and a base $b$, the output is a list of $d$-digit palindromes base $b$ in the range $N_{1} \leq N<N_{2}$ which are palindromes for some base different from $b$. In practice, we set $N_{1}=10$, $N_{2}=10^{26}$, and $b=10$ - although for large enough $N$ it seems computationally more efficient to set $b=11$. The built-in Mathematica command RealDigits [ $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{b}$ ] returns $\left\{\left\{a_{d}, \ldots, a_{1}\right\}, d\right\}$, as related to the base $b$ expansion $N=a_{d} b^{d-1}+\cdots+$ $a_{2} b+a_{1}$; while FromDigits [list, b] undoes this command and returns $N$.

```
PalindromeSearch[{N1_Integer, N2_Integer, b_Integer}] :=
    Module[{d, FoundList, TestPalindrome, BaseList},
    d = RealDigits[N1,b][[2]]; (* number of digits *)
    FoundList = {}; (* list of found palindromes *)
    For [
            n = Floor[ N1/b^Floor[d/2] ],
            n < Floor[ N2/b^Floor[d/2] ],
            n++,
            (* n denotes the first d/2 digits of the palindrome *)
            TestPalindrome = FromDigits[Join[
                RealDigits[n,b][[1]],
                Take[ Reverse[RealDigits[n,b][[1]]], -Floor[d/2] ]
            ],b];
            (* reconstructs the d-digit palindrome from n *)
            BaseList = Select[
                Range [
                    Ceiling[ b^(1/(1+Log[TestPalindrome,b])) ],
                    Floor[ b^(1/(1-Log[TestPalindrome,b])) ]
                    ],
                    RealDigits[TestPalindrome,#][[1]] ==
                    Reverse[ RealDigits[TestPalindrome,#][[1]] ]
                    &&
                    RealDigits[TestPalindrome,#][[2]] == d &
            ];
            (* a list of bases for which TestPalindrome is also a
            d-digit palindrome *)
```

```
        If [
            Length[BaseList] > 1,
            AppendTo[ FoundList, {TestPalindrome, BaseList} ];
            (* if base is not b, add to list *)
                ];
    ];
    Return[FoundList]; (* return complete list *)
]
```


## 4. Enumeration of Palindromes

Lemma 3 gives effective computing ranges. The first $d \leq 14$ digits took about a day. These last $15 \leq d<26$ took about fifteen months running on twenty processors each - for a total of about twelve years computing time! The results form the basis of Theorem 1 and the table below. Recall that $\left[a_{d}, \ldots, a_{2}, a_{1}\right]_{b}$ denotes the expansion $N=a_{d} b^{d-1}+\cdots+a_{2} b+a_{1}$.

| Digits $d$ | Integer $N$ | Base $b$ Representations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 22 | $[2,2]_{10},[1,1]_{21}$ |
|  | 33 | $[3,3]_{10},[1,1]_{32}$ |
|  | 44 | $[4,4]_{10},[2,2]_{21},[1,1]_{43}$ |
|  | 55 | $[5,5]_{10},[1,1]_{54}$ |
|  | 66 | $[6,6]_{10},[3,3]_{21},[2,2]_{32},[1,1]_{65}$ |
|  | 77 | $[7,7]_{10},[1,1]_{76}$ |
|  | 88 | $[8,8]_{10},[4,4]_{21},[2,2]_{43},[1,1]_{87}$ |
|  | 99 | $[9,9]_{10},[3,3]_{32},[1,1]_{98}$ |
| 3 | 111 | $[3,0,3]_{6},[1,1,1]_{10}$ |
|  | 121 | $[2,3,2]_{7},[1,7,1]_{8},[1,2,1]_{10}$ |
|  | 141 | $[3,5,3]_{6},[1,4,1]_{10}$ |
|  | 171 | $[3,3,3]_{7},[1,7,1]_{10}$ |
|  | 181 | $[1,8,1]_{10},[1,3,1]_{12}$ |
|  | 191 | $[5,1,5]_{6},[2,3,2]_{9},[1,9,1]_{10}$ |
|  | 222 | $[2,2,2]_{10},[1,4,1]_{13}$ |
|  | 232 | $[2,3,2]_{10},[1,10,1]_{11}$ |
|  | 242 | $[4,6,4]_{7},[2,4,2]_{10}$ |
|  | 282 | $[3,4,3]_{9},[2,8,2]_{10}$ |
|  | 292 | $[5,6,5]_{7},[4,4,4]_{8},[2,9,2]_{10}$ |
|  | 313 | $[3,1,3]_{10},[1,11,1]_{13}$ |
|  | 323 | $[3,2,3]_{10},[1,9,1]_{14}$ |
|  | 333 | $[5,1,5]_{8},[3,3,3]_{10}$ |
|  | 343 | $[3,4,3]_{10},[2,9,2]_{11},[1,1,1]_{18}$ |
|  | 353 | $[3,5,3]_{10},[2,1,2]_{13},[1,6,1]_{16}$ |
|  | 373 | $[5,6,5]_{8},[4,5,4]_{9},[3,7,3]_{10}$ |
|  | 414 | $[6,3,6]_{8},[4,1,4]_{10}$ |
|  | 444 | $[4,4,4]_{10},[2,8,2]_{13}$ |
|  | 454 | $[4,5,4]_{10},[3,8,3]_{11}$ |
|  | 464 | $[5,6,5]_{9},[4,6,4]_{10},[2,5,2]_{14}$ |
| 484 | $[4,8,4]_{10},[1,2,1]_{21}$ |  |
|  | continued on the next page |  |


| continued from previous page |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digits $d$ | Integer $N$ | Base $b$ Representations |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{c}{[4,9,4]_{10},[1,12,1]_{17}} \\ {[5,0,5]_{10},[1,10,1]_{18},[1,3,1]_{21}} \\ {[5,4,5]_{10},[1,15,1]_{17}} \\ {[6,7,6]_{9},[5,5,5]_{10},[3,10,3]_{12}} \\ {[5,6,5]_{10},[4,7,4]_{11}} \\ {[5,7,5]_{10},[3,5,3]_{13}} \\ {[5,9,5]_{10},[1,15,1]_{18},[1,5,1]_{22}} \\ {[6,1,6]_{10},[4,3,4]_{12}} \\ {[6,2,6]_{10},[2,7,2]_{16},[1,0,1]_{25}} \\ {[7,8,7]_{9},[6,4,6]_{10}} \\ {[8,0,8]_{9},[6,5,6]_{10}} \\ {[6,6,6]_{10},[3,12,3]_{13},[1,16,1]_{19}} \\ {[6,7,6]_{10},[5,6,5]_{11},[4,8,4]_{12},[1,2,1]_{25}} \\ {[6,8,6]_{10},[2,2,2]_{18}} \\ {[7,1,7]_{10},[3,9,3]_{14}} \\ {[7,2,7]_{10},[1,11,1]_{22}} \\ {[7,3,7]_{10},[5,1,5]_{12},[1,9,1]_{23}} \\ {[7,5,7]_{10},[1,15,1]_{21},[1,1,1]_{27}} \\ {[7,6,7]_{10},[2,11,2]_{17}} \\ {[7,8,7]_{10},[6,5,6]_{11},[3,1,3]_{16}} \\ {[7,9,7]_{10},[5,6,5]_{12},[4,9,4]_{13}} \\ {[8,1,8]_{10},[2,14,2]_{17}} \\ {[8,2,8]_{10},[3,10,3]_{15}} \\ {[8,3,8]_{10},[2,6,2]_{19},[1,4,1]_{27}} \\ {[8,4,8]_{10},[2,11,2]_{18}} \\ {[8,5,8]_{10},[4,5,4]_{14},[3,12,3]_{15}} \\ {[8,8,8]_{10},[3,14,3]_{15}} \\ {[9,8,9]_{10},[3,7,3]_{17},[2,5,2]_{21},[1,12,1]_{26}} \\ {[9,9,9]_{10},[5,1,5]_{14}} \\ {[8,9,8]_{10},[7,4,7]_{11},[1,16,1]_{23}} \\ {[9,0,9]_{10},[7,5,7]_{11}} \\ {[9,1,9]_{10},[4,1,4]_{15},[1,7,1]_{27}} \\ {[9,2,9]_{10},[1,3,1]_{29}} \\ {[9,4,9]_{10},[4,3,4]_{15}} \\ {[9,7,9]_{10},[4,5,4]_{15},[3,13,3]_{16}} \\ {\left[7,1,1,[3,6,6,3]_{1}\right.} \\ {[10,}\end{array}\right]$ |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 3663 \\ & 6776 \\ & 8008 \\ & 8778 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} {[7,1,1,7]_{8},[3,6,6,3]_{10}} \\ {[6,7,7,6]_{10},[3,1,1,3]_{13}} \\ {[8,0,0,8]_{10},[4,7,7,4]_{12}} \\ {[8,7,7,8]_{10},[3,12,12,3]_{13}} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 5 | 13131 13331 16561 25752 26462 26662 26962 27472 30103 30303 35953 38183 39593 40504 42324 | $[3,1,5,1,3]_{8},[1,3,1,3,1]_{10}$ $[3,2,0,2,3]_{8},[1,3,3,3,1]_{10}$ $[6,6,1,6,6]_{7},[1,6,5,6,1]_{10}$ $[3,8,2,8,3]_{9},[2,5,7,5,2]_{10}$ $[6,3,5,3,6]_{8},[2,6,4,6,2]_{10}$ $[6,4,0,4,6]_{8},[2,6,6,6,2]_{10}$ $[2,6,9,6,2]_{10},[1,9,2,9,1]_{11}$ $[4,1,6,1,4]_{9},[2,7,4,7,2]_{10}$ $[7,2,6,2,7]_{8},[3,0,1,0,3]_{10}$ $[7,3,1,3,7]_{8},[3,0,3,0,3]_{10}$ $[3,5,9,5,3]_{10},[1,8,9,8,1]_{12}$ $[3,8,1,8,3]_{10},[1,8,9,8,1]_{11}$ $[3,9,5,9,3]_{10},[1,0,6,0,1]_{14}$ $[4,0,5,0,4]_{10},[2,8,4,8,2]_{11}$ $[6,4,0,4,6]_{9},[4,2,3,2,4]_{10}$ |
| continued on the next page |  |  |


| continued from previous page |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digits $d$ | Integer $N$ | Base $b$ Representations |
|  | 43934 49294 50605 52825 56265 59095 60106 63936 67576 75157 88888 90209 94049 94249 96369 98689 | $[4,3,9,3,4]_{10},[2,1,5,1,2]_{12}$ $[4,9,2,9,4]_{10},[3,4,0,4,3]_{11}$ $[7,6,3,6,7]_{9},[5,0,6,0,5]_{10}$ $[5,2,8,2,5]_{10},[3,6,7,6,3]_{11}$ $[5,6,2,6,5]_{10},[1,12,7,12,1]_{13}$ $[5,9,0,9,5]_{10},[1,7,7,7,1]_{14}$ $[6,0,1,0,6]_{10},[1,2,12,2,1]_{15}$ $[6,3,9,3,6]_{10},[4,4,0,4,4]_{11}$ $[6,7,5,7,6]_{10},[1,5,0,5,1]_{15}$ $[7,5,1,5,7]_{10},[5,1,5,1,5]_{11}$ $[8,8,8,8,8]_{10},[4,3,5,3,4]_{12}$ $[9,0,2,0,9]_{10},[1,6,0,6,1]_{16}$ $[9,4,0,4,9]_{10},[1,6,15,6,1]_{16}$ $[9,4,2,4,9]_{10},[1,2,3,2,1]_{17}$ $[9,6,3,6,9]_{10},[1,7,8,7,1]_{16}$ $[9,8,6,8,9]_{10},[1,8,1,8,1]_{16}$ |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 | 1496941 1540451 1713171 1721271 1828281 1877781 1885881 1935391 1970791 2401042 2434342 2442442 2450542 2956592 2968692 3106013 3114113 3122213 3163613 3171713 3192913 3262623 3274723 3286823 3298923 3303033 3360633 3372733 4348434 4410144 4422244 4581854 4593954 5641465 5643465 | $[5,5,5,3,5,5,5]_{8},[1,4,9,6,9,4,1]_{10}$ $[2,8,0,7,0,8,2]_{9},[1,5,4,0,4,5,1]_{10}$ $[3,2,0,1,0,2,3]_{9},[1,7,1,3,1,7,1]_{10}$ $[3,2,1,3,1,2,3]_{9},[1,7,2,1,2,7,1]_{10}$ $[3,3,8,5,8,3,3]_{9},[1,8,2,8,2,8,1]_{10}$ $[3,4,7,1,7,4,3]_{9},[1,8,7,7,7,8,1]_{10}$ $[3,4,8,3,8,4,3]_{9},[1,8,8,5,8,8,1]_{10}$ $[7,3,0,4,0,3,7]_{8},[1,9,3,5,3,9,1]_{10}$ $[7,4,1,1,1,4,7]_{8},[1,9,7,0,7,9,1]_{10}$ $[4,4,5,8,5,4,4]_{9},[2,4,0,1,0,4,2]_{10}$ $[4,5,2,0,2,5,4]_{9},[2,4,3,4,3,4,2]_{10}$ $[4,5,3,2,3,5,4]_{9},[2,4,4,2,4,4,2]_{10}$ $[4,5,4,4,4,5,4]_{9},[2,4,5,0,5,4,2]_{10}$ $[2,9,5,6,5,9,2]_{10},[1,7,3,10,3,7,1]_{11}$ $[2,9,6,8,6,9,2]_{10},[1,7,4,8,4,7,1]_{11}$ $[5,7,5,3,5,7,5]_{9},[3,1,0,6,0,1,3]_{10}$ $[5,7,6,5,6,7,5]_{9},[3,1,1,4,1,1,3]_{10}$ $[5,7,7,7,7,7,5]_{9},[3,1,2,2,2,1,3]_{10}$ $[5,8,5,1,5,8,5]_{9},[3,1,6,3,6,1,3]_{10}$ $[5,8,6,3,6,8,5]_{9},[3,1,7,1,7,1,3]_{10}$ $[3,1,9,2,9,1,3]_{10},[1,0,9,11,9,0,1]_{12}$ $[3,2,6,2,6,2,3]_{10},[1,9,2,9,2,9,1]_{11}$ $[3,2,7,4,7,2,3]_{10},[1,9,3,7,3,9,1]_{11}$ $[3,2,8,6,8,2,3]_{10},[1,9,4,5,4,9,1]_{11}$ $[3,2,9,8,9,2,3]_{10},[1,9,5,3,5,9,1]_{11}$ $[6,1,8,3,8,1,6]_{9},[3,3,0,3,0,3,3]_{10}$ $[6,2,8,1,8,2,6]_{9},[3,3,6,0,6,3,3]_{10},[1,9,9,5,9,9,1]_{11}$ $[3,3,7,2,7,3,3]_{10},[1,9,10,3,10,9,1]_{11}$ $[4,3,4,8,4,3,4]_{10},[2,5,0,0,0,5,2]_{11}$ $[4,4,1,0,1,4,4]_{10},[2,5,4,2,4,5,2]_{11}$ $[4,4,2,2,2,4,4]_{10},[2,5,5,0,5,5,2]_{11}$ $[4,5,8,1,8,5,4]_{10},[2,6,4,10,4,6,2]_{11}$ $[4,5,9,3,9,5,4]_{10},[2,6,5,8,5,6,2]_{11}$ $[5,6,4,1,4,6,5]_{10},[1,10,8,0,8,10,1]_{12}$ $[5,6,4,3,4,6,5]_{10},[3,2,0,5,0,2,3]_{11}$ $[3,5)$ |
|  |  | continued on the next page |


| continued from previous page |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digits $d$ | Integer $N$ | Base $b$ Representations |
|  | 5655565 5667665 5741475 7280827 7292927 8364638 8710178 8722278 8734378 8746478 8758578 8820288 8832388 8844488 8864688 9046409 9578759 9813189 9963699 | $[5,6,5,5,5,6,5]_{10},[3,2,1,3,1,2,3]_{11}$ $[5,6,6,7,6,6,5]_{10},[3,2,2,1,2,2,3]_{11}$ $[5,7,4,1,4,7,5]_{10},[3,2,7,1,7,2,3]_{11}$ $[7,2,8,0,8,2,7]_{10},[4,1,2,3,2,1,4]_{11}$ $[7,2,9,2,9,2,7]_{10},[4,1,3,1,3,1,4]_{11}$ $[8,3,6,4,6,3,8]_{10},[2,9,7,4,7,9,2]_{12}$ $[8,7,1,0,1,7,8]_{10},[4,10,0,10,0,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,7,2,2,2,7,8]_{10},[4,10,1,8,1,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,7,3,4,3,7,8]_{10}[4,10,2,6,2,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,7,4,6,4,7,8]_{10},[4,10,3,4,3,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,7,5,8,5,7,8]_{10},[4,10,4,2,4,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,8,2,0,2,8,8]_{10},[4,10,8,4,8,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,8,3,2,3,8,8]_{10},[4,10,9,2,9,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,8,4,4,4,8,8]_{10},[4,10,10,0,10,10,4]_{11}$ $[8,8,6,4,6,8,8]_{10},[1,10,11,4,11,10,1]_{13}$ $[9,0,4,6,4,0,9]_{10},[1,2,11,6,11,2,1]_{14}$ $[9,5,7,8,7,5,9]_{10},[1,3,11,4,11,3,1]_{14}$ $[9,8,1,3,1,8,9]_{10},[1,4,3,6,3,4,1]_{14}$ $[9,9,6,3,6,9,9]_{10},[3,4,0,6,0,4,3]_{12}$ |
| 9 | 130535031 167191761 181434181 232000232 35677653 362151263 382000283 489525984 492080294 520020025 537181735 713171317 796212697 952404259 998111899 999454999 | $[7,6,1,7,4,7,1,6,7]_{8},[1,3,0,5,3,5,0,3,1]_{10}$ $[3,7,8,5,3,5,8,7,3]_{9},[1,6,7,1,9,1,7,6,1]_{10}$ $[4,1,8,3,5,3,8,1,4]_{9},[1,8,1,4,3,4,1,8,1]_{10}$ $[5,3,4,4,8,4,4,3,5]_{9},[2,3,2,0,0,0,2,3,2]_{10}$ $[3,5,6,7,7,7,6,5,3]_{10},[1,7,3,4,3,4,3,7,1]_{11}$ $[3,6,2,1,5,1,2,6,3]_{10},[1,7,6,4,7,4,6,7,1]_{11}$ $[8,7,7,7,1,7,7,7,8]_{9},[3,8,2,0,0,0,2,8,3]_{10}$ $[4,8,9,5,2,5,9,8,4]_{10},[2,3,1,3,6,3,1,3,2]_{11}$ $[4,9,2,0,8,0,2,9,4]_{10},[2,3,2,8,4,8,2,3,2]_{11}$ $[5,2,0,0,2,0,0,2,5]_{10},[1,2,6,1,10,1,6,2,1]_{12}$ $[5,3,7,1,8,1,7,3,5]_{10},[2,5,6,2,5,2,6,5,2]_{11}$ $[7,1,3,1,7,1,3,1,7]_{10},[1,7,10,10,0,10,10,7,1]_{12}$ $[7,9,6,2,1,2,6,9,7]_{10},[1,10,2,7,9,7,2,10,1]_{12}$ $[9,5,2,4,0,4,2,5,9]_{10},[1,2,2,4,1,4,2,2,1]_{13}$ $[9,9,8,1,1,1,8,9,9]_{10},[4,7,2,4,5,4,2,7,4]_{11}$ $[9,9,9,4,5,4,9,9,9]_{10},[4,7,3,1,9,1,3,7,4]_{11}$ |
| 11 | 39276067293 39453235493 42521012524 73183838137 | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\begin{array}{l} {[3,9,7,7,6,0,6,7,2,9,3]_{10},} \\ {[1,5,7,2,5,3,5,2,7,5,1]_{11}} \\ {[3,9,4,5,3,2,3,5,4,9,3]_{10}} \\ {[1,5,8,0,6,3,6,0,8,5,1]_{11}} \\ {[4,2,5,2,1,0,1,2,5,2,4]_{10}} \\ {[1,7,0,4,0,0,0,4,0,7,1]_{11}} \\ {[7,3,1,8,3,8,3,8,1,3,7]_{10},} \\ {[1,2,2,2,5,1,5,2,2,2,1]_{12}} \end{array},\right.} \end{aligned}$ |
| 13 | 1400232320041 2005542455002 2024099904202 2081985891802 4798641468974 | $[4,8,5,5,2,1,7,1,2,5,5,8,4] 9$, $[1,4,0,0,2,3,2,3,2,0,0,4,1]_{10}$ $[7,0,8,1,5,8,0,8,5,1,8,0,7]_{9}$, $[2,0,0,5,5,4,2,4,5,5,0,0,2]_{10}$ $[7,1,4,4,5,0,0,0,5,4,4,1,7]_{9}$, $[2,0,2,4,0,9,9,9,0,4,2,0,2]_{10}$ $[7,3,3,0,8,6,4,6,8,0,3,3,7]_{9}$, $[2,0,8,1,9,8,5,8,9,1,8,0,2]_{10}$ $[4,7,9,8,6,4,1,4,6,8,9,7,4]_{10}$, $[1,5,9,0,1,0,2,0,1,0,9,5,1]_{11}$ |
| 15 | 101904010409101 | $[4,4,0,7,2,7,0,5,0,7,2,7,0,4,4]_{9}$, |
|  |  | continued on the next page |


| continued from previous page |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Digits $d$ | Integer $N$ |

## 5. Future Directions

There are a few papers in the literature which focus on palindromes in different base systems. For example, [2] considers those palindromes which are perfect squares. Article [1] generalizes the question by considering those which are perfect powers. Article [3] presents some results on the number of ways an integer can be expressed as a palindrome in different bases. In fact, we present the following problem:

What is the largest list of bases $b$ for which an integer $N \geq 10$ is a d-digit palindrome base b for every base in the list?

If one chooses $N=66,88,676,989$, it is easy to see that there exists a $d$-digit palindrome base 10 that has at least four different bases $b$ for which it is a $d$-digit
palindrome base $b$. It is unclear whether this is an upper bound on the number of different bases.

## References

[1] Santos Hernández Hernández and Florian Luca. Palindromic powers. Rev. Colombiana Mat. 40 (2006), 81-86.
[2] Ivan Korec. Palindromic squares for various number system bases. Math. Slovaca 41 (1991), 261-276.
[3] Helena Kresová and Tibor Šalát. On palindromic numbers. Acta Math. Univ. Comenian. 42/43 (1984), 293-298.
[4] Florian Luca and Alain Togbé. On binary palindromes of the form $10^{n} \pm 1$. C. R. Math. Acad. Sci. Paris 346 (2008), 487-489.

