Zbl 367.40005

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A note on Ingham's summation method. (In English)

J. Number Theory 10, 95-98 (1978). [0022-314X]

A series  $\Sigma c_n$  is summable (I) to A if

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x} \sum_{n \le x} \sum_{d/n} dc_d = A.$$

This is a non-regular summation method attributed to A.E.Ingham [J. London Math. Soc. 20, 171-180 (1945; Zbl 061.12802)] although published earlier by A. Wintner [Eratosthenian Avergaes, (1943; Zbl 060.10503)]. G.H. Hardy observed [Divergent Series (1949; Zbl 032.05801)] that if  $\Sigma c_n$  is (I)-summable then  $c_n = o(\log \log n)$ . The present paper shows that Hardy's result is best possible by constructing, for any given positive sequence converging to zero, a series  $\Sigma a_n$  which is (I)-summable and for which  $a_n/\log\log n\to 0$  more slowly than the given sequence.

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Classification:

40G99 Special methods of summability

11N05 Distribution of primes